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Salbutamol BP 100 microgram inhale

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PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

Presentations: Pulmicort Respules. (2ml single dose unit ampoules) containing 0.25mg/ml or 0.5mg/ml budesonide in a suspension for nebulisation. Uses: Bronchial asthma where use of a pressurised inhaler or dry powder formulation is unsatisfactory or inappropriate. Dosage and administration: Dosage schedules: Administer from suitable nebulisers. Dose delivered to the patient varies depending on the nebulising equipment used (see data sheet). Adjust dosage individually. Initially during periods of severe asthma and while reducing or discontinuing oral glucocorticosteroids the recommended dose in adults (including elderly and children 12 years and older) is usually 1-2mg twice daily. In very severe cases the dosage may be further increased. Children 3 months to 12 years: 0.5-1mg twice daily. The maintenance dose should be the lowest dose which keeps the patient symptom-free. Recommended doses are: Adults (including elderly and children 12 years and older): 0.5-1mg twice

daily. Children (3 months to 12 years): 0.25-0.5mg twice daily. For an increased therapeutic effect increase dose of Pulmicort rather than combine treatment with oral corticosteroids because of the lower risk of systemic effects. Contra-indications, warnings, etc.: Contra-indications. Hypersensitivity to any of the constituents. Special warnings and precautions: Care is needed in patients with pulmonary tuberculosis and viral infections in the airways. A short course of oral steroids in addition to Pulmicort may be required in patients with excessive mucus in the bronchi. Transfer of patients dependent on oral steroids to Pulmicort demands special care; see data sheet for further details. The nebuliser chamber should be cleaned and dried after every administration. Pulmicort does not affect the ability to drive and use machines. Pulmicort Respules can be mixed with 0.9% saline and with solutions of terbutaline, salbutamol, sodium cromoglycate or ipratropium bromide. Side-effects:

Mild irritation in the throat, coughing and hoarseness and oral candidias have been reported. In rare cases inhaled drugs may provol bronchoconstriction in hyperreactive patients. Facial skin should t washed after use of the face mask as irritation can occur. Coughing causually be prevented by inhaling a β₂-agonist (e.g. terbutaline) 5-1 minutes before inhalation of Pulmicort Respules. Avoid in pregnanc **Pharmaceutical precautions:** Store below 30°C. Use within 3 months α opening the foil envelope. Protect opened ampoule from light. Use within 12 hours of opening. **Legal status:** POM. **Basic NHS price:** Pulmico Respules 0.25mg/ml (20 single dose units) £32.00. Pulmicort Respules 0.5mg/ml PL 0017/0309. Pulmicort Respules 0.5mg/ml PL 0017/0309. Pulmicort Respules 0.5mg/ml PL 0017/0310. **Name and address of product licence holder:** Ast Pharmaceuticals Ltd., Home Park, Kings Langley, Herts WD4 8DH.



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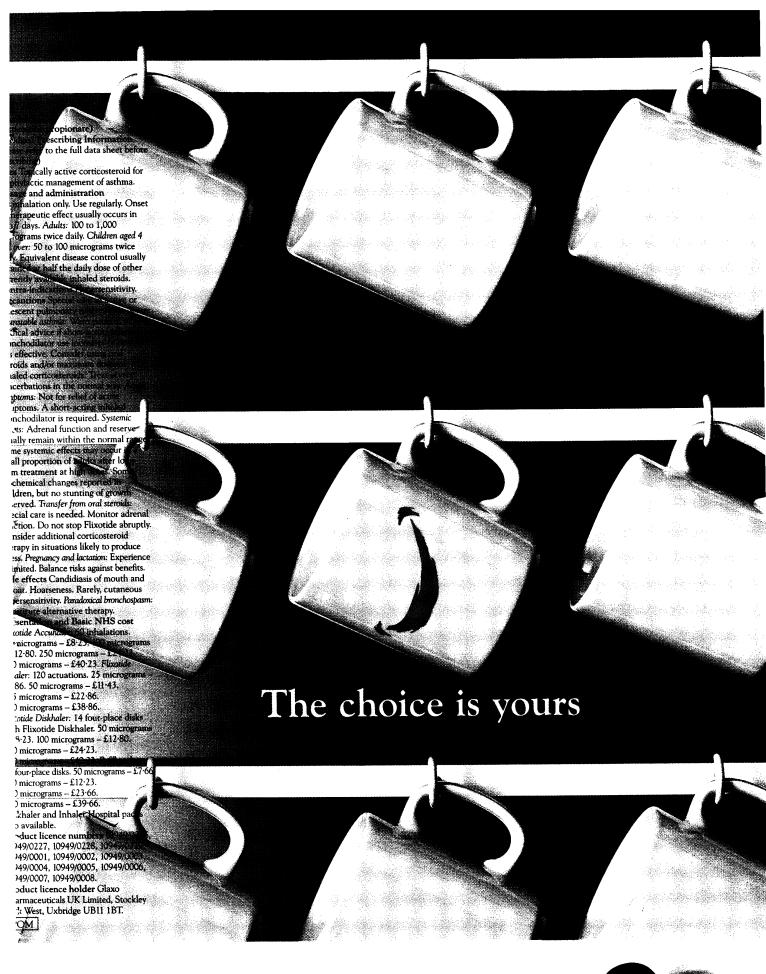


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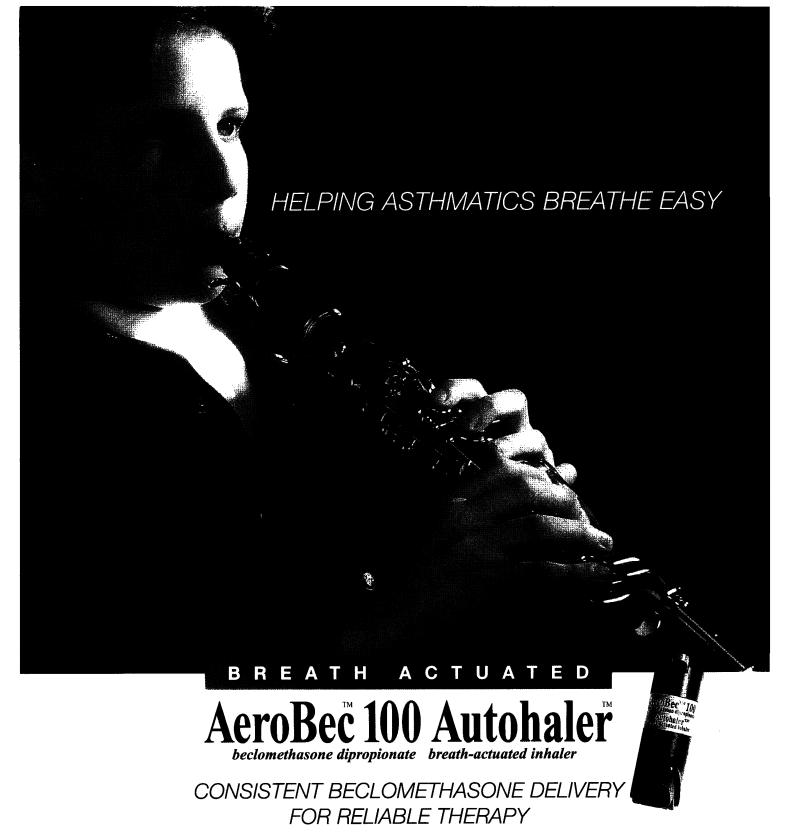
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AEROBEC™ 100 AUTOHALER™ ABBREVIATED PRESCRIBING INFORMATION. Presentation: Breath-actuated pressurised inhalation aerosol delivering 100mcg of beclomethasone dipropionate (as propellant solvate) into the mouthpiece of a breath-actuated adaptor. Indications: For the prophylactic treatment of chronic reversible obstructive airways disease. Dosage: Adults: 200mcg twice daily or 100mcg three or four times daily. In more severe cases a dose of 600-800mcg is recommended, with subsequent reductions. Maximum recommended daily dose of this preparation is 1000mcg. Adrenal suppression may occur in patients receiving doses of 1500mcg or more daily. Children: 50-100mcg two to four times daily. Contra-indications: Hypersensitivity to beclomethasone. Caution in patients with pulmonary tuberculosis. Side-effects: Candidiasis of throat or mouth. Hoarseness. Precautions: Patients with adrenocortical suppression should have systemic steroids withdrawn slowly when converting to AeroBec therapy. During periods of stress or when asthma

worsens supplementary systemic steroids may be needed. Discontinuation of systemic steroids may cause exacerbation of other allergic diseases. **Pregnancy:** There is inadequate evidence of safety in human pregnancy. Use should be avoided unless benefits outweigh risks. **Lactation:** Beclomethasone is probably excreted in milk. In breast-feeding mothers the therapeutic benefits of the drug should be weighed against the potential hazards to mother and baby. **Pharmaceutical precautions:** Store in a cool place protected from frost and direct sunlight. As the vial is pressurised, no attempt should be made to puncture it or dispose of it by burning. **Basic NHS price:** AeroBec 100: £13.50. **Product licence number:** AeroBec 100: £1.68/0145. **Legal Category:** POM. Date of preparation of advertisement: February 1995. Further information is available from the MH Health Care Information Scientist: Telephone Loughborough (01509) 611611. Pharmaceutical Division, 3M Health Care, Loughborough, England. AeroBec, Autohaler and 3M are registered trademarks of the 3M company.

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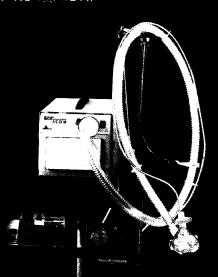


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ABBREVIATED PRESCRIBING INFORMATION Presentation UNIPHYLLIN CONTINUS tablets contain Theophylline BP in a controlled release system. UNI-PHYLLIN CONTINUS tablets 400 mg are white, capsuleshaped, scored tablets with the logo NAPP U400 embossed on one side and UNIPHYLLIN on the other. UNIPHYLLIN CONTINUS tablets 300 mg are white, capsule-shaped, scored tablets with U300 embossed on one side. UNIPHYLLIN CONTINUS tablets 200 mg are white, capsule-shaped, scored tablets with U200 embossed on one side. Uses Theophylline is a bronchodilator. In addition it affects the function of a number of cells involved in the inflammatory processes associated with asthma and chronic obstructive airways disease. Of most importance may be enhanced suppressor T-lymphocyte activity and reduction of eosinophil and neutrophil function. These actions may contribute to anti-inflammatory prophylactic activity in asthma and chronic obstructive airways disease. For the treatment and prophylaxis of bronchospasm associated with asthma, emphysema and chronic bronchitis. Also indicated in adults for the treatment of cardiac asthma and left ventricular or congestive cardiac failure. Dosage and administration NB Tablets should be swallowed whole and not chewed. Adults: The usual maintenance dose for elderly patients or those less than 70 kg body weight is 300 mg, 12-hourly following an initial week of therapy on 200 mg, 12-hourly. The usual maintenance dose for patients of 70 kg body weight or over is 400 mg, 12-hourly following an initial week of therapy on 200 mg or 300 mg, 12-hourly. Children: Not recommended for children under seven years of age. The maintenance dose is 9 mg/kg twice daily. Some children with chronic asthma require and tolerate much higher doses (10-16 mg/kg twice daily). Lower dosages (based on usual adult dose) may be required by adolescents. It may be appropriate to administer a larger evening or morning dose in some patients, in order to achieve optimum therapeutic effect when symptoms are quite severe, e.g. at the time of the 'morning dip' in lung function. In patients whose night time or day time symptoms persist despite other therapy and who are not currently receiving theophylline, then the total daily requirement of UNI-PHYLLIN CONTINUS tablets (as specified above) may be added to their treatment regimen as either a single evening or morning dose. Elderly: The initial dose should be 200 mg, 12-hourly increasing to 300 mg, 12hourly. Contra-indications Should not be given concomitantly with ephedrine in children. Precautions and warnings The following increase clearance and it may therefore be necessary to increase dosage to ensure a therapeutic effect: phenytoin, carbamazepine, rifampicin, sulphinpyrazone and barbiturates. Smoking and alcohol consumption can also increase clearance of theophylline. The following reduce clearance and a reduced dosage may therefore be necessary to avoid side-effects: allopurinol, cimetidine, ciprofloxacin, erythromycin, thiabendazole, isoprenaline, fluvoxamine. viloxazine hydrochloride and oral contraceptives. Factors such as viral infections, liver disease and heart failure also reduce theophylline clearance. The g forn beta_k agonist therapy

headache and CNS stimulation is significantly reduced when UNIPHYLLIN CONTINUS tablet preparations are given. Furthermore, the side effects can be min mised by dose titration downwards. Transferability: it is not possible to ensure bioequivalence between different sustained release theophylline products. Therefore, it should be emphasised that patients, once titrated to an effective dose, should not be changed from UNI-PHYLLIN CONTINUS tablet preparations to other slow or sustained release xanthine preparations without retitration and clinical assessment. Legal category P. Package quantities and basic NHS price UNIPHYLLIN CONTINUS tablets 400 mg - 56's: £7.32; 250's: £32.36; 1,000's: £125.29. UNIPHYLLIN CONTINUS tablets 300 mg - 56's: £6.17; 250's: £27.89. UN-PHYLLIN CONTINUS tablets 200 mg - 56's: £4.05. Product I cence numbers UNIPHYLLIN CONTINUS taplets 400 mg - Pt 0337/0074, UNIPHYLLIN CONTI-NUS tablets 300 mg - PL 0337/0129. UNIPHYLJIN CON-TINUS tablets 200 mg - PL 0337/0057. Product licence holder Napp Laboratories Limited, Cambridge Science Park, Milton Road, Cambridge CB4 4GW, UK. Tel: 01223 424444. Member of Napp Pharmaceutical Group. Further information is available from Napp Laporatories Limited. @ The NAPP device. UNIPHYLL N and CONTINUS are Registered Trade Marks. © NAPP Laboratories Limiteo 1995.

Reference: 1. Kidney J., Dominguez M Taylor PM, et al. (In press). Date of preparation: May 1995.

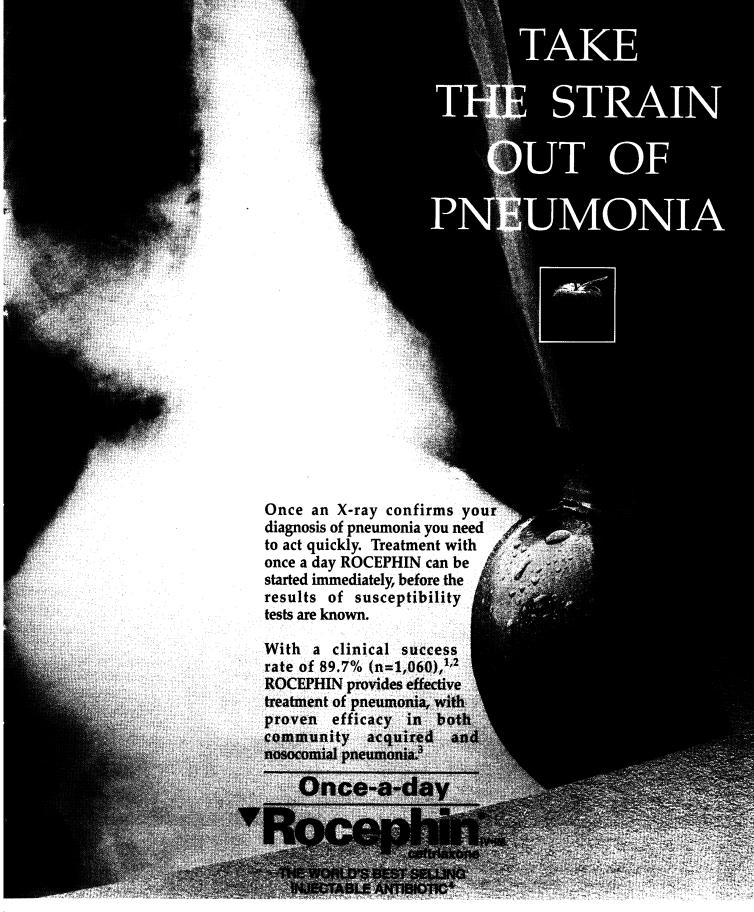


For over 50 years, the ophylline has been regarded as a bronchodilator. New evidence demonstrates that this is only part of the story

UNIPHYLLIN CONTINUS tablets are now believed to exert an anti-inflammatory action. They therefore present a convenient and acceptable choice for preventive therapy - and add a new dimension to asthma management.



Breathing new life into asthma therapy



References

1. Brown, R.B. and Sands, M., Curr. Ther. Res, (1989), 46 (2), 285-91.

2. Data On File, (GCR B-116 232). 3. Niebuhr, H. et al. Chemotherapie Journal (1993), 2, 28-35. 4. Estimated current cash annual sales worldwide - Data on File. Roche Products Ltd. Brief Prescribing Information Indications: Pneumonia, septicaemia; meningitis; bone, skin and soft tissue infections; infections in neutropenic patients; gonorrhoea; peri-operative prophylaxis of infections associated with surgery. Treatment may be started before the results of susceptibility tests are known. Dosage and Administration: Rocephin should be administered by deep inftramuscular injection, slow intravenous injection, or as a slow intravenous infusion, after reconstitution of the solution. Adults and children 12 years and over: Standard dosage -1g once daily. Severe infections - 2-4g normally once daily. Duration of therapy varies according to course of disease. Gonormoea - single dose of 250mg i.m. Peri-operative prophylaxis - usually single dose of 1g, colorectal surgery 2g in conjunction with a suitable agent against anaerobic bacteria. Children under 12 years: Standard dosage - 20-50mg/kg once daily. Severe infections - maximum 80mg/kg once daily. Doses of 50mg/kg or over should be given by slow intravenous infusion over

at least 30 minutes. Renal and hepatic impairment: In the absence of hepatic impairment dose reduction is required only in severe renal failure (creatinine clearance <10ml/min), when the daily dose should be 2g or less. No dose reduction is required in liver damage provided renal function is intact. In severe renal impairment accompanied by hepatic insufficiency the plasma concentration should be determined at regular intervals and dosage adjusted. Serum concentrations should be monitored in dialysis. Contra-indications, Warnings etc. Cephalosporin hypersensitivity. Premature infants. Full-term infants during first six weeks of life. Safety in pregnancy has not been established. Precautions: Stated dose should not be exceeded. Caution in patients with a history of hypersensitivity (especially anaphylactic reaction) to penicillins or other non-cephalosporin beta-lactam antibiotics. Anaphylactic shock requires immediate countermeasures. Severe renal impairment accompanied by hepatic insufficiency (see Dosage). Side-effects and Adverse Reactions: Gastro-intestinal side-effects including loose stools, diarrhoea, nausea. vomiting, insulince by (see Losage). Side-effects including loose stools, diarrhoea, nausea, vomiting, stomatitis and glossitis. Cutaneous reactions including maculopapular rash, pruritus, urticaria, oederma and erythema multiforme. Haematological reactions including anaemia (all grades), leucopenia, neutropenia, thrombocytopenia, eosinophilia, agranulocytosis, positive Coombs' test and

prolongation of prothrombin time. Regular blood counts should be carried out during treatment. Other reactions include headache, dizziness, drug fever and transient elevations in liver function tests. Rarely: glycosuria, oliguria, haematuria, anaphylaxis and bronchospasm. Very rarely, precipitation of celtriaxone calcium sat in urine in patients on higher than recommended dose. Reversible precipitates of calcium celtriaxone have been detected by gailbladder sonograms. In symptomatic cases (which are rare), conservative non-surgical management is recommended. Superinfections with yeasts, fungi or other resistant organisms. Rare instances of pseudomembranous colitis. Injection site pain and local phlebtits. Legal Category: POM. Presentations and Basic NHS Cost: 250mg vials i.m. and i.v. (containing 250mg ceftriaxone) - 22.87. 1g vials i.m. and i.v. (containing 250mg ceftriaxone) - 22.87. 1g vials i.m. and i.v. (containing 150mg ceftriaxone) - 11.46. 2g vials for infusion (containing 25 ceftriaxone) - 11.46. 2g vials for infusion (containing 25 ceftriaxone) - 11.46. 2g vials for infusion (containing 25 ceftriaxone) - 11.46. 2g vials for infusion (containing 25 ceftriaxone) - 11.46. 2g vials for infusion (containing 25 ceftriaxone) - 11.46. 2g vials for infusion (containing 25 ceftriaxone) - 11.46. 2g vials for infusion (containing 25 ceftriaxone) - 11.46. 2g vials for infusion (containing 25 ceftriaxone) - 11.46. 2g vials for infusion (containing 25 ceftriaxone) - 11.46. 2g vials for infusion (containing 25 ceftriaxone) - 11.46. 2g vials for infusion (containing 25 ceftriaxone) - 11.46. 2g vials for infusion (containing 25 ceftriaxone) - 11.46. 2g vials for infusion (containing 25 ceftriaxone) - 11.46. 2g vials for infusion (containing 25 ceftriaxone) - 11.46. 2g vials for infusion (containing 25 ceftriaxone) - 11.46. 2g vials for infusion (containing 25 ceftriaxone) - 11.46. 2g vials for infusion (containing 25 ceftriaxone) - 11.46. 2g vials for infusion (containing 25 ceftriaxone) - 11.46. 2g vials for infusion prolongation of prothrombin time. Regular blood counts should be carried



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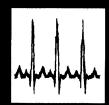
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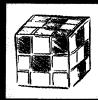
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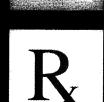






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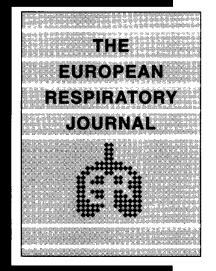
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or shorter acting, the patient's general condition should be reviewed. Do not effects: Tremor, tonic cramp and palpitations are all characteristic of non-selective 8-blockers. Use with caution with other sympathomimetics. Side during the first trimester of pregnancy. Do not administer concurrently with hypokalaemia may result from 82-agonist therapy. Administer with caution use in patients with hypertrophic cardiomyopathy. Potentially serious initially recommended in diabetic patients. If treatment becomes less effective insufficiency or thyrotoxicosis. Additional blood glucose measurements are sulphate. Precautions. Care should be taken in patients with myocardial indications, warnings, etc: Contra-indications: Sensitivity to terbutaline inhalation (0.5 mg) as required. Not more than 4 inhalations/day. Contra-Dosage and administration: Adults and children (including elderly): One bronchospasm or reversible ainways obstruction is a complicating factor bronchospasm in bronchial asthma and bronchopulmonary disorders in which terbutaline sulphate per actuation. Uses: Relief and prevention of Presentation: Bricanyl Turbohaler. Dry powder inhaler delivering 0.5 mg

> sympathomimetic amines. A few patents feel tense. Basic NHS price: Bricaryl Turbohaler (100 doses) £7.96. Legal category: POM. Product licence no.: PL 0017/0241.

Presentation: Pulmicort Turbohaler 100: 100,g/pulf budesonide dry powder mhaler containing 200 actuations. Pulmicort Turbohaler 200: 200,g/pulf budesonide dry powder inhaler containing 100 actuations Pulmicort Turbohaler 400: 400,g/pulf budesonide dry powder inhaler containing 50 actuations. Uses: Bronchial asthma. Dosage and administration: Individualise dose. Adults (including elderly): 200-1600.gg daily in divided doses. Children. 200-800.gg daily in divided doses. Maintenance Use lowest possible dose. Brush the teeth and rinse the mouth out with water after each use. Contra-indications, warnings, etc.: Contra-indications Active pulmonary tuberculosis. Predations Special care is needed in patients with outescent lung tuberculosis, fungal and viral infections in the airways. Avoid administration during pregnancy. A short course of oral sterods in addition to

Pulmicort may be required in patients with excessive mucus in the bronch. Transfer of patients dependent on oral steroids to treatment with Pulmicort demands special care. See data sheet for further details, Side-effects Mid irritation in the throat, hoarseness and oral candidiasis occur in some patients. Basic NHS price: Pulmicort Turbohaier 100 (200 actuations), £18.50. Pulmicort Turbohaier 400 (30 actuations), £18.50. Legal status: POM. Product licence nos.: Pulmicort Turbohaier 100 PL 0017/0319. Pulmicort Turbohaier 200 PL 0017/0272. Pulmicort Turbohaier 400 PL 0017/02772.

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