future revisions. Only in the last chapter, on the organisation of an assisted ventilation service, is there a demonstration of his strength of feeling that the resources in this country are wholly inadequate. This book should become a classic volume found on the bookshelf of every respiratory physician and any other specialist who is likely to have contact with patients in ventilatory failure.—MDLM

Asthma: Basic Mechanisms and Clinical Management. Ed P J Barnes, I W Rodger, N C Thomson. (Pp 784; £55.) London: Academic Press, 1988. ISBN 0-12-079025-4.

This multiauthor book on asthma represents a thorough review of the pathogenetic mechanisms, the known triggering factors, and the treatment modalities in asthma. About two thirds of the book are devoted to basic mechanisms, including the different airway cells and the inflammatory and chemical mediators possibly playing a part in the disease, the neural and humoral mechanisms controlling the airways, and the triggering factors in asthma. The pathogenetic roles of the different cells, mediators, and mechanisms are discussed in separate chapters. This part of the book is an excellent up to date review of the actual research in asthma. The second part of the book discusses the treatment of asthma. The different forms of treatment are critically reviewed and the book ends with state of the art reviews on the management of acute and chronic asthma in children and adults. The final chapter indicates future trends in asthma treatment. The book contains numerous illustrations and useful diagrams. Each chapter is followed by an extensive reference list. This book on asthma therefore represents a very valuable state of the art review on the pathogenesis and treatment of asthma. Other aspects of the disease, including diagnosis and evaluation, are left out. The book will be especially useful for scientists engaged in research on the pathogenesis and treatment of asthma and represents for them a comprehensive review and reference source. The clinician should use the book for updating his knowledge on asthma, though the size of the book and the absence of relevant clinical aspects may discourage him.—RP

Essential Chest Radiology. J B Cookson, D B L Finlay. (Pp 151; £12·50.) London: Heinemann Medical, 1988. ISBN 0-433-00047-3.

This slim book is intended as a pocket guide to chest radiology for the junior hospital doctor and senior medical student, and as such represents a long overdue effort to meet the needs of young physicians seeking a clinically oriented introduction to interpretation of the chest radiograph. The book includes introductory chapters on radiographic techniques and normal radiological anatomy and then proceeds to discuss abnormal appearances of the lung fields, the chest

wall and pleura, and the mediastinum. The introductory chapters succeed in condensing much information into an accessible form. There are unfortunate errors in the labelling of some of the anatomical figures, but these are generally too obvious to confuse the reader. The chapters describing radiological abnormalities take the approach of categorising the appearances and discussing the differential diagnosis; the index lists diseases for anyone requiring a synopsis of the radiological findings associated with particular diseases and abnormalities. These chapters deal concisely with a wide range of material, and illustrative radiographs are plentiful. Satisfactory reproduction of radiographs for textbooks is always problematic, particularly of diffuse nodular or inter stitial shadowing; but in general the quality is good. There are clinical notes in the text to aid diagnosis, and although these are inevitably brief they are well chosen. A book of this size cannot deal comprehensively with a subject such as chestoradiology, and it has little to teach the more experienced physician. The essentials are there, however, and are presenphysician. The essentials are there, however, the ted in an eminently readable form, making this an excellen purchase for the junior or senior house officer.

Year Book of Pulmonary Disease 1988. Ed G M Green, with W C Ball, J R Mitchell, S P Peters, P B Terry, M S Tockman, R A Wise. (Pp 424; £33.50.) USA: Year Book Medica Publishers, 1988. ISBN 0-81513922-5.

This book is an overview of selected papers published in the English language relating to respiratory medicine in the year 1987-8. The book is divided into chapters covering most aspects of respiratory diseases, including respiratory struc ture and function, obstructive and restrictive disease, asthma and related disorders, pulmonary infections, pulmonary vascular disease, lung tumours, and also environmental and occupational lung diseases. Each chapter consists of abstrac ted papers selected and written by the chapter editor along with very concise and honest comments relating to the contents of the article or group of articles. The book was not written to be entertaining bedside reading; it is a text to read when one has time rather than to digest in one sitting. The choice of papers, however, is very representative of the quality publications of the year and the comments included with the abstracts guide the reader through unknown and familiar territory to give a balanced perspective on the importance of each paper. I would recommend this book for the busy physician who is interested in keeping abreast with current research but does not have time to keep up to date with respiratory publications on a regular basis either in high or her area of interest or in other fields within respirator medicine. This book helps to sort the wheat from the chaff of the papers in the respiratory journals, and within this contex I would endorse this book highly.—JFJM

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